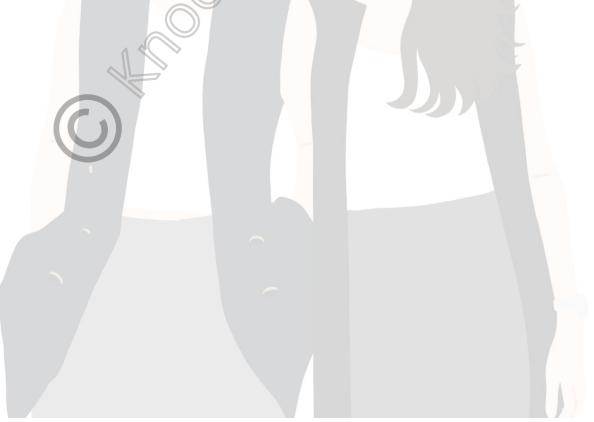
CHAPTER 35: Causes of economic growth and output gaps

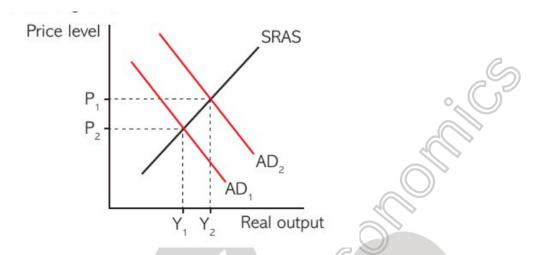
Key terms

- Actual growth : economic growth as measured by recorded changes in real GDP over time
- 2. Economic growth: a rise in output in an economy that can be either actual growth or potential growth
- 3. Export-led growth: a rise in aggregate demand caused by a rise in exports
- 4. Foreign direct investment : flows of money between countries where one firm buys or sets up another firm in another country
- 5. GDP per capita: GDP divided by the number of people in the population
- 6. Output gap : the difference between actual level of GDP and the productive potential of the economy
- 7. Potential growth: economic growth as measured by the changes in the productive potential of economy over time

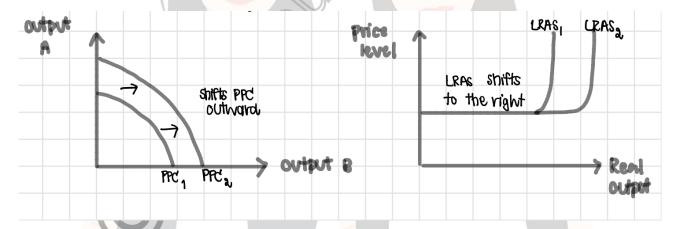


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Actual growth: means that real output has increased. It therefore also means
that spending in the economy, or AD, has increased since national output must
equal national expenditure. Or AD= C+I+G+NX has increased.



2. Potential growth: measures the increase in the productive capacity of an economy over a year. It directly links with the Production possibility curve (PPC)



Factors that cause potential growth

- FDI
- More innovation
- Growth in labour force including higher no. of net migration
- Degree of competition

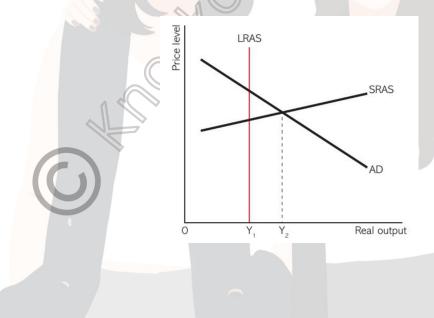
3. The important of international trade for export led economic growth

: Export led growth occurs when countries open up their economies to international market eg. China/Thai

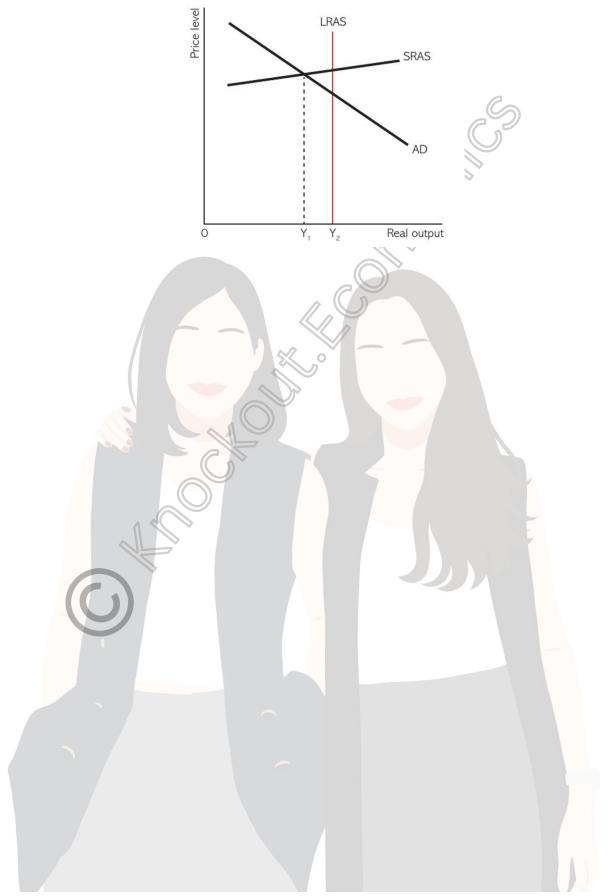
Advantages	Disadvanatges
 Countries can use their comparative advantages to generate revenue / GDO It can bring to the trade surplus (Export > Outflow), more inflow in the economy 	 Some countries may rely on other countries There will be higher risk and uncertain Export led growth can bring to currency appreciated There will be less competitive in long run

4. Output Gap

4.1 Positive output gap : Actual real GDP > Potential GDP



4.2 Negative output gap : Actual real GDP < Potential GDP



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